Tournament of Soviet Nations: athletes set records

On June 19, the second day of the nibitic contest at the Tournament of Soviet Nations. Remone Neubert of the CDR totalled 6,836 points, the world competition. On the same day three new Soviet records were set—Valery Sereda from Leniu-grad scoled 235 cer, a I cm improvement on Viacitmir Yush-cirenko's mark; Vasily Grishclienkov registored 17 m 55 cm to the triple jump, adding of rennwhed Viktor Saneyev mul derarthlete Grigory Degtya-rypy totalled 8,538 points, hesting the inrmer national mark by fit points.



record-holder Ramono

Visitors win through

Field hockey world vica-champion, ond Europeas cham-

plons West Germony heat the USSR 3-1 in the closing game

of an international tournament

in Moscow ia win the top awords. The USSR placed

second and Spaniair Terrosa club

Moscow and Leningrad water pololata in a game which gave the Muscavites the lille.



USSR rccord helder Valery Screda.

Over 1,400 alkleles from countries are altending the athletics conlest at the Lenin Central Stadium in 39 events. Zova Ivanova and Yuri Pleshkay wan the marathon litles on May 14.

Photos by Andrei Knymey

The contest will end on June 22 ond we will carry its results into the next issue. But now some more recent results: In the shot-put, winner Janis Bolara from Latyta set a new tournameni mark ol 20 m 62 cm. Eihlopia'a Girma Sirhanu won tha 10.000 event. Seigel Yung of the Sussian Federation won the 50 km walk. Nigerla's innocerd Ekbrinike won the men's 100 m lo 10.24 sec, while Nadezhda

Georgiyeva of Sulgaria and rederation shared the title in tho wninen's event, clocking 11.29 acc.

The tournament, held month and a half in advance of the world athletics champion ships in Helsinki (August 7-14). has brought together all lop So-viet athleles, the lournament eing but an elimination trial for the Helainki championship and the Universited in Canada.

MUSCOVITES UP TO THE MARK

The all-Moscow team won the Tournament of Soviet Notions water polo title, with a winning streak of six limits games acwing up the tillo for them. They went on to deleat the Ukraine 11—7 in the closing

There is logic to the Muscovites' auccess, as they fielded eight candidates to the national loe-up, and they have plenty ol Tournament experience, too. Tolling up 14 points, they won their seventh such title. Kazakhsian ploced second with Iwo polote less, and Lizbekistan came a surprising third with

nine points. Moscow is olso doing well in the lencing tournament. After picking up the teom loil titlo they won the sabre title, beoting the Russian Federation 9-5 in

AT GDR SWIMMING CHAMPIONSHIP

t4-year-old GDR schoolgirl Astrid Strauss, clocked 8 min in the men's events, Jorg Wollhe clocked 49.58 sec. a 29.61 sec in the 800 freestyle, e new European mark, competing in the national championahip in new European best in the 100 m freestyle, the first leg of the 4×100 m relay. He improved by 0.02 asc bis own European the town of Gera. The lormer record of 8.31.07 was sat by ber bast he had set last August at the world championships at Guayaquil, Ecuador. compairioi, Anka Sonnenbrodt oo March 31 this year.
Strauss set a record of 4.08.25

JURMALA-83

Lvov Grondmaster Oleg Romaniabin won the international chess Jurosals-83 tournament totting up 11 points out of 13 possible. He had coptured the lead from the first dey of the tournament and sewed up the ullimate win with a round left to go, acoring nine wins, moro then any other competitor, one losing not a single game. British International Master

Murray Chandler, one of the youngest entrants, who had per-sistently kept on the leader's heels, alowed down at the finish to wind up three points behind Romaniahin but sill in second

Also taking part in this fourth tournament to date were players from Spain, Cuba, Poland and Yugoslavia.

WORLD TITLE FOR BRAZIL

Brazil beal Argentina 1-0 in the line game of the world juntor lootball championship.

Poland came third after hading South Korea 2-1 lo exira-

Italian bid to salvage national football

An enlergency session of the Italian accer lederation has ruled that all ton division clubs ahould and negotiations with foreign players. This will only not ellect contracta algued before June 13.

The ruling does not apply to footballers who played in Italy last season, with talks with them to be continued until the end of this month. The sole exception are clubs which have won promotion to the top division this

Federation president Federico Soldillo told reporters the decision was indispensable to salvage the game in flaty. Coulmounting by the year and we should consider the fortunes nul

just al lour or five dubs but of the rest, loo, he noted. We also decided that the growth of loceligh imports in teams from two to three could do irreperable demage to entire Italian football, which is why we decided against meeting some club managera halfway. I presonally hold the foreigners respona!ble for the country's bad International performance this acason. They play the limi liddle in the country's leading clubs (Frenchmao Platini in Juvenius, Brazilian Falcao in Romoj. I believe that last year's decision to sign on o second foreign player to any club was a mistako. They were the chief financial buiden on clubs, he emphasized. Viadimir McMILIN



The US Post Office plens to Issue 22 clamps in 1983 dedicated to the 1984 Summer Olympica la Los Angeles. In the photo: the first lour Olympic elamps.

Photo by Keyalane-Zurich-TASS



ATTENTION, SUBSCRIBERS ABROAD

DEAR READERS.

"MN lelormellon" como oul on Tilesdays and Saturdays, ond offers in brief the lelest informotion on events in the USSR and in the world reported by TASS and foreign aows egencies. Holhing short of the material cerried in the editions of both "Moscow Nows" and "MN in-

formellon" givas you e juli idea of life in the Soviet Usion for

The 1986 world football cup

in Mexico will possibly open on Moy 17 with a game with participation by defending champions lialy, is a pro-

posal submitted to FIFA in Mo-

xico by the cup organizing com-

"Moscaw "MN lalormallon" lowing lirms.

CZECHOSLOVAK SOCIALIST REPUBLIC

tha weak,

- All PNS affices la tho
- PNS-UED ... 12505. Preha 1
- PNS-UED /;
 Galtwaldova aem. 48 88419 Batisleva
- Potlová Novleová službe dovot ilecs Loaingrodská 14, Bralislava 2

FOOTBALL CHAMPIONSHIP

SCHEDULED FOR MAY

Sputnik Lid_ Cosi. Poloologou 19,

DEUTSCHE DEMOKRATISCHE

The final verdict on the

chompionship opening date will be pessed by a session of the FIFA executive committee sche-

duled for December 7 this year

- P Doutsche Past und dorce Zusieller
- Douische Pasi, Zalfungsverfriebsomi, Siresse der Parisor Kommune 3-4, 1004 Berlin
- USA Total Circulatian Sorvicos,
- Inc. 111, 8th Avenuo New Yark, N.Y., 19011 Four Confinant Back Corp. 149 Filth Avenue
 - New York, N Y 10010 Znanie Boak Siere 5237 Goery Bouleverd. Sen Francisco, Colli, 94118

The Moore-Cattrell Subscription Agencies, Inc., North Cohocton, N.Y., 14868

Retultara

For all questions involving conreceipt of the paper, dollvery of the paper to o now oddress, etc. please contact the firm from whom you obtained tho aubscriptioa.

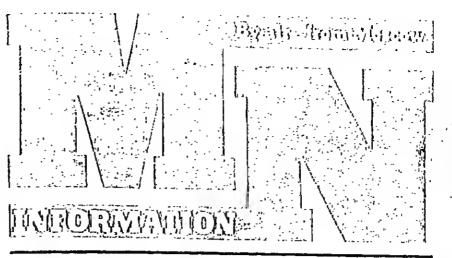
DEAR READERSI in alber countries, subscription for "MN Information" can be taken out with componies which da business with V/O Mezhdunerodneya Kniga. The "Moscaw News" weekly is available in Russian as well. Conlect the firm or egency handling sub-scription for Seviet perladicals to subscribe.



EDITORIAL BOARD

Address: 16/2 Gorky St. Mostaw Printed at the cirvestle bress Mascow, USSR. ... ? Published Tuesday and Selvider Index 50078.

MH INFORMATION NO. 47-141



No. 48 (463), JUNE 25-27, 1983

to the photo: before the talks

NIKOLAI TIKHONOV

Niknial Tikhonov, Chalisian

of the USSR Council of Minis-

iera, met with Indian Dafence

romon in the Kremin lor cor-

dial and identity discussions of

Soviet-Indian relations as well

as international problems of in-ferest to both countries. They

Praguo. Diearmament and ro-

duced military apending, which has now reached astronomical

proportions, would go o long woy to solving many ocute so-cial problems facing the world.

This was one of the conclusions

al discussions of The World

Assambly for Peaco and Life

Against Nuclear Disastor".

Dozens of representatives from

many countries speaking to the

clear Wer — o Danger to Life ond Ways to Avert It", "Burope-

on Security and Disarmement"

FACTS

and EVENTS

O. The House, of Roprorenia-

lives in the American Congress

has approved the ellocations of

78.3 million dollars for the con-

American puries printed which Washington (a. planning to doploy on the ferritory of same West European countries.

The Spanish Frime Minister
F. Conzelez now on an official
visit to the United States has
had meetings in Washington

ond "The Arma Race: How to

Slop and Reverse It", urged, on

and it was their countries' in-

Minister Ramaswami

PRAHAUS

MEETS RAMASWAMI VENKATARAMAN

Venkala-

situation on the basis of praca-

ful coexistence, as well as le

promole world peace. The con-

ilmed strengthening of Soviet

cooperation on the basia of their 1971 treaty can belp ochiavo these gosla. the two

FOR PEACE AND LIFE AGAINST

behalf of millions of their coun-

trymee, on oll-out effort to half the imperialist-instigated arms

roce, whose most dangerous elo-ment is the deployment of new American medium-roogs mis-siles in Western Europe.

Pollowing the discussion, lo-

rum dalegalas toured Czechosio-

vakia, oppearing at anti-wor

meetings in the towns and vil-

morliogs coiled for a new surge

in the onti-war movement in or-

der to block imperielism's mili-

with the American President
R. Roegen. Vice-President
G. Bush, end the State Secretary G. Shulfz. No official communique has been lisued of the
end of the latks.

O An unutual eshibilion has

O An unuque eshibilion has opened in the ceptier of Ecuador, it features 9,000 ercheablegical finds (llegally takes oth
of the country by stellar Clutoppe Derusso over many
years, An alghi-year intel mediated by UNESCO enabled fine
Government of Ecuador to get
back fing unique collection of
immense historical value:

· 经总额收益 经基础的

tarist plans.

laces they passed through. The

NUCLEAR DISASTER'

Price 5 kopeks

WILLIAM TERM PERSONANT AND AND AND THE PROPERTY OF RSFSR SUPREME SOVIET

BY SOVIET GOVERNMENT

The American, British, Prench and Chinese ambassadors were invited

to the USSII Ministry of Foreign Affairs in Mosrow where they were

given the leats of the DSSR Supremo Soviet decision of lane 16, 1983, and the Soviet government memorandum to their respective govern-

ments containing the proposal that all great powers in presession in inclear weapons put a qualitative and quantitative freeze an all their

nuclear weapons.

This freeze, the Soviet government's oppeal points not envisages on the largest involved in all nuclear

imponents as well as a commitment not to deploy new kinds or types

In proposing this major initiative, the Soviet finion does not regard such a freeze as an end in fixell, but tather as an effective first slep towords the reduction and the eventual total charteston of nuclear

wenpons, and, thus, es a measa of averting the threat of nuclear disastor

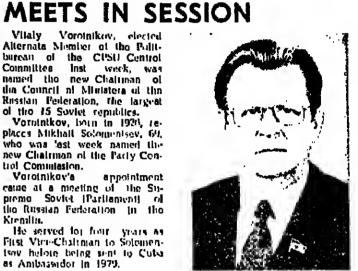
Vitaly Voroinikov, elected Alternata Member of the Politbureau of the CUSU Centrol Committee Inst week, was named the new Chaliman of the Council of Ministers of the Russian Pederation, the largest ol the 15 Soviet republics.

al nuclear weapons.

Vorointkov, boin in 1920, te places Mikhait Solomentsey, 64, who was 'est week named the new Chairman of the Party Control Commission.

Voroinikov'a appointment came at a meeting of the Supremo Soviet (Parliament) of the Russian Federation in the Kremilia.

He served for four years as First Vice-Chaliman to Solomentsev helpte being sent to Cuba as Ambassider in 1979.



Vitaly Vereinikov, Alternate Member of the Politbureau of the CPSU Central Committee, Chatrman et lire Council of Min-Istera of the Russian Federation.

The Sees on of the RSLSR Supreme Soviet examined the lasks of government and econotine agencies in the republic in expanding production, telling the quality of consumer Hems. and improving sales of these

The Session also adopted that Housing Code of the Russian

ANTI-WAR RALLIES STAGED BY THE SOVIET PUBLIC

An anti-war rally has been held is Moscow os part of the World Disarmsment Campaign declared by the United Nations Organization.
The participants of the rally

condemned the militarist policy pursued by the United States and the North Atlantic Treaty Organization as leading to furthar escalation to the erms race.
Another raily, offended by
thousands of working people, took place to the Byelerussian cepitel of Minsk. These taking part unanimously supported the new peace proposals for a freeze on nuclear ersenals, made by the Sovier Union, and they sent a tetler to the Uolted Mallons with the appeal that the deployment of new American nuclear missiles in Europe

Space hope to play Moscow adain

We was knowed by our reception in Moscow and are grateful to the governments and the ministries of culture of the two countries which made possible our unifo-gallable mights with Moscow authories whole everyone of our despetal effort to please, said Duties Marcural 25, tender of the French group back.

This group did a mask of redicate at Moscow Ottophisty deries of the please, and pairs Marcural 25, tender of the French group Space.

This group did a mask of redicate at Moscow Ottophisty deries aports complex, drawing prowds of up to 18,000 auch sight.

Marios AMAROVA Alexador BUISHAN

FROM the SOVIET PRESS

Andrei Gromyko: mutual understanding is a must

In the West, and patticularly in Woshington, there is o great deal being said about a Saviet-American simmit. said Andrei Gromyka, First Vice-Chairman of the USSR Council of Alinisies, in a TASS interview This may give an ordinary person the loise imprassion that powers that be in Wushinglan ore seriously thinking about a meeting like this. However, if We exomine things more closely, we shall see that the sliudtion is regrettably different.

First of oil, o meeting like this requires o certoin degree of mutual understanding on the major issues which shape both relations between the two countries and the overall international attuation. Both tides also have to octually want postitve changes, and oven more so, a radical lurning point in their relations.

It wo look of the situation from this perspective, we can clearly see that there is nothing behind the tolk about a summit coming tram the American leaders. American policies on questions of relotions with the Soviet Union have no consituctive purpose behind thom, somothing even the American leaders themselves do not hids Furthermore, these policies ore oriented in a diametrically apposite direction.

Once American policy shows real aigns of readiness to conduct buttess in a serious and constructive mannes, the ques-tion of a summit will be seen in quite a different light.



Photo-by Sergel Zhubin

REPLY FROM AMERICAN SCIENTISTS

On April 9, Soviet acientista issued en appeal to their colfeegues all aver the world atreasing the donger of tha United States administration military programme whose purpose is to create a large cow complex of enti-missia weepans deployed both an the ground and in outer space. The new weapons eysiem was prescoted as being etrictly defeosive in cheracter, ellegedly ensuring complete security for the United States in case of a nuclear conflict. In their eminently respansible atatement the Soviet acientiate declare that thera ero na effactive defcesive weapons guaranteeing accurity in a nuclear war, that it is impossible to create such weapoue, and that the United States government initialive is orientated tawards destabilization of The existing strategic balanca.

A reply to the Soviat appeal has come from the Federation of American Scientists which has about five theusand mem-bors, including half of all the Amorican Nobel Prize winners. The Federation of Americae Scientists, it is stressed in the reply, still adhares to the ideas which underlie the Treaty on the Limitation of Aori-Batilstic Missiles Systems algoed to 1972, and favaurs the etrengihaning al this freaty, regarding it as a vehicle for achieving new limitations as alfensive weapons. Without such a treaty, the erms race will bacome even more dangerans than it is loday, say the American eclentists. The members of the Federa-

tion af American Scientists nate that, like most Americans, the majority of their colleagues completely agree with the potar ol view expressed by the Fede-

TROOP REDUCTION INITIATIVE BY SOCIALIST COUNTRIES

Vicana, At the recent plenary ession of the Vianna take the Czechoslovek delegation, on behalf of itself, the GDR, Polend and the USSR-all direct par-Ucipanis-submitted the draft of e comprehensive "Agreemeet on e Mutual Troop and Arms Reduction and Relevant Mea-

suren in Central Eurape". The draft le based fully on the nimple new prectical epproach to the reduction issues first put forward by the eocletat countries at the Vienna talks in Relyuary 1983 to break the ductions. Executally, it was desdlock. Essectally, it prodesdlock. Essectially, it proposed the marting in sarnest, regardless of whatever erguments or differences on the relative NATO and Wessaw Treaty troops attength, of troop and arms cutbacks in Central Burope to bring the figures down to squal collective ceilings on a seduced level,

VIEWPOINT

The cobre spreeds its hood.

Mennwhile menkind weiches

frozee in feer, haping that if

The nuclear erms race, vividiy described in this way by indire Gendhi, Prime Minister at India, has further deterlareted. One of

the mort dangarous facets to the rece in the Reegan administra-tion's desire to deplay Persh-

ing-2n end cruire missiles in Europe by the end of 1983. Yhn
US Congress hes ngraed to

Prerident Rosgnn's demand thei hundreds of millions of dollers be elfolied for the further de-

velopment end testing of MX interconlinantel ballistic mis-

ntfos — e quentifatively new

This is but one part of the

this is but one part of mo scenerio of eggression and hegemonism. A similar picture is to be found all over the globe—in the indien Ocean, in the Persiee Guif eres, in the Coribbean and in Cantre Amer-

ice. Yhe Americann ersume tho

role of policemen in order to

Impose their will on the plenet's

population in Washington they want people to believe the the Soviet Union has the edge over the NATO powers militarily and

syriam of strategic weepens.

As a flist step, the draft specifically envisages the immediate reduction of definite number of Soviet and American Imops end weapons in Central Europe on the basis of reciprocity, es well es a further freeze an the troops and numement levels of ell the direct participacis, which could be effective until a comprehen sive agreement is reached. Significantly, the socialist countries have auggested ending the talks in within a year. The dreft also envisages all the direct participants committing themselves to bring down their troop alrength in Central Eurape within three yearn of the agreement coming toto force ta equal collective levels of 900,000, including 700,000 ground troops and 260,000 Air Farce personnel

THE COBRA SHOULD

NOT STRIKE

nuclear war with the hape al

winning IL.
What e feniestic sliempt el

Beck in 1970 the International

Institute for Stretegic Studies in London sisted that the USSR war

approaching nuclear perly with the USA. On February 25, 1971,

the Americans beard President

Nixon declaring aver the radio that neither the USA nor the USSR had nucleer edvantage.

recognized the existence of equilibrium between the stre-

legic torces of the Soviet Union and the United States. The

perity esists now, loo, es is

confirmed by many Westorn

leaders foday.

But parity is a dirty word with the White House. Vie his words and deeds, Reegen has prodaimed to the whole world that

the is determined to establish daclaive military supremacy over the Soviet Union and the Warraw Yreatly countries, it is easy to nee what for — so that he can enjoyed the American will refer the source the American will refer the source that the source the source the source that the source that the source that the source that the source the source that the source t

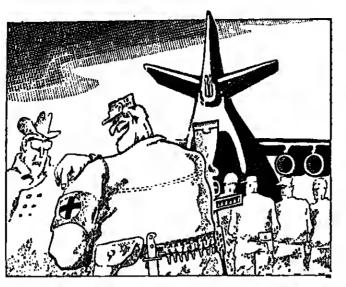
enforce the American will vie nucles: bleckmnil.

A vivid contrast is provided by the Soviel Union which day in and dny out edvances peace their and qualifetively.

S. NARAYANAN.

General Secretary, Indo-Sovial Cultural Society

oo each sida.



Military adviser: I do remember that I am being seet to El Salvadar as e doctor, it only escapes me whelher I am a surgeon or e

A statement by H. Kohl

Boon. The West German Chancellar Halmut Kohl when apeaking la the Bundestag delivered e government eletement cantering on relations with the German Democratic Republic. The Chancellor apoke in the name of "all Germane". He said that Bonn "le not going to reconcile itself with the divialon of the Veterland" end el-

lowed a sumber of tactless eldeswipes at the GDR.
The content of the government stalement shows that the ruling circles of the FRG, acting ever lower tawards the "laugh liae" to relations between West and East, trying to lecture the socialist states and going eo far as to interfering into their laternal affaire.

Drawing by N. Shcherbakov

This political line has been criticized in the Bundestag by the SDPG leaders — the parliementary Chairmen Hans-Jochen Vogel and the Chairmen Willy Breadt, as well as Otto Schlly, representative of the Green

Afghanistan and Pakistan talks in Geneva

Geoeva. Afghacistao and Pakistan ara haldiog talka here with the mediation of the per-sonal representative of the Uni-ted Nations Secretary-General Diego Cordovez. The Afghen delegation is headed by the

initiatives backed up by con-

crete ections. Pence her been cansidered sacred in the Soviet

Union since its foundation in

1917 whee the great Lenin is-

seed the first "Decree at Peace".

In the past-wer years the So-viet Unian hen submitted more

then 100 praposnis concerning disermament en e whole or on individuel issues of restricting

the erms rece far the considere

tion of various international

Yha USSR's most important

Initiative is the unlieteral under-

taking it has given not to be the tirst to see nuclear erms.

Treefy ellies the Soviet Union

has proposed to the NAYO countries that a treaty be concluded on the mutual non-use

of military force and that peace-

Finally, al. its recent session,

the Supreme Soviet of the USSR, the highest legislative body in the country, mendated the So-

ylet Government to approach all

the nuclest powers with the proposel that a simultaneous

keeze be put on existing

nuclear waspons, both quantile

lul relations be meintelined be

twaen the two blocs.

Together with its Wersew

Minister of Fareign Affairs of the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan Shah Mohammad Dost and the head of the Pakietani delegation is the Minister

posels by the Indian Government

and peaple. The indin Soviet-in-dien decleration signed in Sep-tember, 1982, reeds: "The Indi-en side welcomes the Saviet Unlan's decleration not to be

the first to use nucleor weep-ons. Both sides consider this en

Important step fowards e com-pleta ben on the ura, or thre-

etened ure, of nuclear weep-

The reclization of the danger

of nuclear wer hanging over the world has drawn a huge mass of paople into the enti-

mucleer movement -people of different reces end affinic groups, of different ideologies

end outlacks, people whose views samptimes lie et different ends of the politicel epectrum. Yhe world public has

e e reel force in t

servetion of paece and in the

struggle egainst the erms race.

The peoples of the world era now emerging for the first time ever of the foreiront of history.

By vigorous end purposefu

ection, they can remove the danger of nucleer wer and pra-

serve peece end, connequently,

Yha Prague World Assembl

for Peece and Life Ageins

Nucleer Wer has become en im

portent milestone in this world-

wide anti-wer movement. Yhose who arsembled in Pregue were

united by one single goal — to defend the right to life, and to prevent the cobra from striking

which would be highly denger-

life on our pinnet.

ous for us ell.

for Fareign Affairs of Pakisian Sahtbzada Yakub All Khan. ALI ACGA'S Yhese end the other peaceful Soviet proposels are epproved and supported by peace-laving people the world over. Special mention should be made at the support accorded to these pra-

Rome. The testimooy of Turk-

The aewspaper 'L'Unità' writes that after that trial at which be was senienced to life imprisonment, Acge was incar-cerated in the jell where Rai-facte Cutale, one at the bosses of the Neapolitan maffs, was serving a sentence. Cutolo's entourage say that he showed a "personal interest" in the Turkish terrorist, and that he de-cided to make Acra speak. This determination was followed by threate and even altempts on Acge'e lifa.

Taking part in the "bralews ing" of the Turkish neolescist was the fall chaplain who, as hae now been established was the Cutolo's go-between with the outside world. Another "brain washer" was Seozali, old of the leaders of the under ground "red brigades" lerrorist organization, who was delained et that time. Senzant was place

lialian. At the end of this "course of education", a representative of the Italian epecial services came to the fell, and, seconding to the official version it was to him that the neclescial made

THE DAU ON THE IRAN-IRAQ WAR

Addis Ahsha. Mangisiu Haile Mariam, Chairmeo ai the Organ-izatian of African Unity, leader ol Sacielist Ethlopia, has sent massage to the headr of state of Iren end freq. Pointing to the recent Assembly of the OAU Summit in Addle Ababa which expressed regret over the contiouing war between the two fraternel countries he appealed to Iran sod freq on behalf of the OAU to put an end to the

Appeal to Madrid Meeting

cipating in the Madrid Meeting should make every affort to avercama the existing discord and use the draft final document submitted by the neutral and non-eligned countries as a basis for its apeedlast coodu-elon as there is no sensible alternelive to detente in Europe. This is emphasized in the joint statement summarizing the results of the official visit here of the Swedish Prime Minister O. Pelme and his talks with the President of the Federal Executive Council of the SFRY M. Plening it was stressed in the course af the talks that in the present international altuation which is traught with danger, efforta should he alepped sp in order to slop the erms race which may become uncontrollable and may threatan the loundetions of general peace and stebility. The euggestions for creoting nuclear-frae zones in various parts of Europe ara most impartant for this purpose.

ish neofascist Alt Acga who in 1981 tried to essassinate the head of the Roman Catholic Church, Pope John Paul II. ebaut the alleged Bulgariae prompted while to jail following senteoring by so lisitan

in Acga'e cell for tong periods of time, and even taught Acce.

his "new reveletlone";

MH INFORMATION NO 41 1941

THE WORLD



The situation remain tense to the Bekas Valley ie Lebanon. israeli plenes carry out dativ reconcelerance flights. There are reports that the command of the Isreeti Army has seel large amounts of military equipment and ammuoltian ta this aree (to the photo).

FACTS and EVENTS

O Twenly South Aidcan po-In South Africa's Cape of Good Itapo Province have gone on hunger ririke. They have been held behind hars without trial en the barls at the notorious recurlly lews.

O Yhe latert UN rietiriles pat the Esrih's population of 4,526 million posple, or 78 million more than e year ego.

O The new large-rools ellenilvo carried out by the Selvadacaunity has rerulted in several successful aparallons. The guardiles of the Fershundo Marit Kaffanal Liberalian Frans have fought a number of pitched batiles in which they captured . military communications centre hull by the Americans.

to remove reverel warships from the Falklands area in arder to Accarding to UNESCO equip them with the latert Sae lighter, there are now 250 ra
Walt missiles.

MAFIA AND CIA: HAND IN GLOVE

Rome. According to the Its-llan weekly, "L'Espresso", the American special services are giveo information ebout the situation in the Mediterranean by different Melia clans. This has been ectually admitted by former chief of the US Air Force intelligence service General Keagan who said that the intormation comes from organiza-tions which bave considerable interests and are highly activa in the sres.

"L'Espresso" polote aut that

the Maflost have turned the Mediterranean into a half-way house through which drugs era shipped from the Middle East ta Europe and the United Sistes, ond weapons sent from the latter two areas to the Middla East, The ramilied gangster syndicate supplies American Maila chiefs with highly diverse Information, including military intelligence, which they, like "genuine American patriots" pass on to the US intelligence

per thousand people in South Americs. The cantinent rarely in lagging behind the industrini-

ized nations, where the camperable ligure emounts to 800 receivers, but is ritll for sheed

O Yhere is serious doshi

regarding USA rincarity to reach canrifuctive results at the Nuclear Arms Limitation Yalks

in Genevn, seld E. Sahr of the

© The latest lest of the USA's Pershing-2 missile at the White Sands praying ground in New Merica falled. A Pentagan

spokarman ravealed that the

curred in the cloring stage at

O The British Delenco Min-

fairy har annaenced lir decision

Sacial-Demacrofic Party

of Aria end Airice.

Japan funds Latin American dictatorships

Tokyo. According to "Asahi", last May the Jepanese Govern-ment gave El Salvadar eod Honduras several hundred milliao dollers an extremely easy terms, and the Nakasoos cabinat is plenoing to raise this eid in the cearest tuture and to make the fundlog of pro-fascist dicla torsbips a regular offair.

Simultaneously the Jepanese Government authorized an end to economic assistance to Nicaragua which is belog raided by the remnants of Somoza gaogs. This decision was adopted after e Paria meeting between Jepa-nese Poreign Minister Sh. Abo ood US Secretary of State G. Shnitz, wha demanded that Tokyo octively toe the US line.

SOVIET DIPLOMAT ATTACKED IN FRISCO

San Freeciaco. O. Pioinikov, the Soviet Consul of the Genarel Consulste has been attacked nere by two unidentified per-sons who inflicted lour deep heavy object. The attackors es. dition.

caped without making eny el-tampt ta rab the diplamat. O. Piolnikov was taken to hospital end doctors say that he wounds in the head with a is now in a "salisfectory" con-

PORTUGUESE GOVERNMENT PROGRAMME

Liabon, The Portuguese Prime Minister Mario Soares has preasnied hie cabinet's programme to the Assembly of the Republic, In ac fer as concerns foreign

policy, his government intends to etrangihen Poringal's "traditional alliances"; particularly with NATO to complete the negotiations with the United States over the existing of the Pentegon's lease of the elf base on the Azores, and to seek the country's accassion to the Common Merket, Sortes also informed the Assembly of plana to

restructure end modernize the ermed lorces, and to etrengthen their links with the military orgenization of NATO in order to increase their disciency within the framework of the defensive olliance.

Special attention is given id the government programme io economic problems, in order to help Portugal out of its present crisis it is proposed to denation-dize a number of industries and to continue to curtail the agrari-

Science and technology

COMPUTER RESTAURANT

A computer restaurent has opened in the Japanese city of Matsudo whese cooks are lamans for thair traditional distr called sushi - a epecialty prepared rica dumpling filled with pieces of fish, actopus, and sea weeks. The patrons are affered to make n more of the dish they like most with nn electrante pencil on the screen of a special iclevision which is built tato the restaurant table. After some time, the mechanical waiter serves the ordered sushi. When the dish is placed before the client, the pice of the dish appears on the screen. All the operations in this restaurant are monitored by a minicomputer However, the computer has not taken over from the cooks in the kitchen. Although Japanese engineers have designed a robot which can make sucht under inattitctions from its programine yet, connoirscurs believe that the lood cooked to this way is worsa than the meal made by human handa

IMPROVED VALVE

The Noise company has developed on original actuator valve for pipelinos having a conveotial diamoter af believes 25 and 900 mm. The lock elemost to the valve caatists of a hollaw bell revolving io a special casing, with the ball and axis made from e slogle castlog. Density is provided hy e metal or duaroplastic seal. The valve cao work in both di-rections of the flow.

The Kusar volvo design en-The Kusar volvo design characters low noise from sestricted flow and a respective sharp decrease in cavitation end vihration. It has good actuator characteristics and a large capacity. The valve operates smoothly to temperatures of between -200° end +650°C.

NO 'BATTLEFIELD'

DEVELOPING COUNTRIES ARE

Discussing in PRAVDA America's appraach to developing nutions, Praissor K. Bruteners specifically notes that the Reagon administration thinks it mare politically profitable to impose its will on the newly-irce states on part of its global nnii-Soviet straicgy, it primority views there nations os en Bost-West "batticiteid", in other wards, Washington is using anti-Saviat thetorie la obscure ils neo calanialist designs fi Asia, Airico and Lutta Americo and to desiabilize "salifendly" regimes there. This is why the Reagan administration is eugor to visualize the national liberation movements as a product of Soviet "subversive activities", the paper points out.

FROM the SOVIET PRESS

BUSINESS AND REAGANOMICS

The American husiness community is shedding its enthus want far the White House's policy of unbridled increases In militory expenditure in occordance with which it is plan-ned to spend o huge sum of maney -1,600,000 militan dallars an the Peniagon's needs over the next live years. This loss af inicrest is in sharp cantrost to the community's suppart for this policy in its initial singles, writes S Samutiov in SO-VIETSKAYA ROSSIYA

flow can one explain the switch around in the business community's utilitade to the nullbary budget? The answer to this question has to be sought first oud foremost not in the maxpreterly armsed praceint feelings at the American harrigeolate, but in their strictly class interests. The fact is that the American Trensity is withdrawing tremendous sums of money from the foun cupital market to cover the gaping budget delicits, and thus depriving private husiness of the possibility of investing money in the American economy. Besides, the delicit is leading to considerable increases in bank leading intes, which makes it unprolitable for businessnien to borrow money for new investments

At present, the overall long-drawn out crists is rausing different strain among the American bourgeoiste to involu a certain decrease in military expenditure, even if at times this goes containy to their immediate sellish interests.

AN UNFRIENDLY STANCE

The Chinese mass media keep on smearing, both domestically and abroad. Soviet toroign policy, making use of many trappiness of unti-Sevictism, writer Mikhail Vakovicy in

Prominent in this respect is molecular on. Soviet Chineso relations, Intely, it has tollowed this stereotype, declinations of China's will to normalize relations with the Soviet Union me tollowed by necessations that the USSR is intrachable and relicioni to remove the so called obstach a and tacked on ofter this is the 'Soviet throat is Chira'. The secretized ending consists of a retinity to the tomilion song about China's "principled" strangle against Soviet "begemonism". This treatment of biforeral relations by the Clinese press is but an attempt to distort the problem of Soviet Chinese narmaltretion and snear Soviet policy viva-vis China whom the Saviet Uman has never threatened. M. Yakoviev points aut.

UNDER THE SLOGAN OF 'NEITHER WEST NOR EAST

Analysing the situation in Iron, and specifically the reasons for the dissolution at the Tudch Party and the orrest of tis leaders, processes R. Ulyanovsky writes in LITERATURNAYA leaders, professar R. Ulyonovsky writes in LITERATURNAYA GAZETA that in levelling obsurd charges of "esplanage" lar the Soviet Union, conservative quarters in Iran sought not just in deal o hiew at the cauntry's progressive forces but also to complicate Soviet-tronian relations. On the one hand, this cotion is part of the clergy's drive to iran out any "dissidence", and particularly to prevent the spread in tran at the "Gadless" idoos of Marxism-Leninism, and, an the other, it is evidence of the patent inclination of some ruling circles to escalate the transon they have inspired in Soviet-transan retoitous and to create lavouroble conditions for a swing to the right, away from the much-talked-of policy of "neither Wast nor Bast". In reporting these developments the Pranch "Le Monda" posed the following very perlinant questions is not the enpression against the communists and the "cold war" against Moscow o prologue to a normalization of rolations with Woshington' indeed, this could easily be the case, the paper comments.

OF INTEREST

A new role for lobacco

Researchers from the Univerally of Florido have devised o
method for the production of o
white crystalline powder which
has no smelt or tasto. They betieve it to be very useful as
food for patients said from
kidney complaints ond for those
who must limit their consumption of abil. tion of soil.

The powder is an e The powder is an eaple pro-lets of particular putility. One of in chief morile is he ability to produce lower substances which heed to be removed from the body. As it is obtained from to-bacco leaves, smokers about

telroin from putting the ward to no good use. Why should they continually waste, to the detriment of their health, a raw material which could make ve-luable food? According to Reuter'n news

ogency, the powder can be tions for a long time.

reference points Some respective in the start have been supply the by small has been supply the by the Max Plank Institute. It was established alter experiences that carrier pipops come back

ne from 700 kilometres away, while other spe-cles davoid of the sense of smell can only return to o re-dus of up to thry kilometres. It days of up to thry kilometres. It must be that, so find their bearings, bilds moke use of an unknown substance which is pre-sent in the air in definite cor-

Minibat

What halogists believe to be the world's madical maintains of the world's madical maintains old with a wingson of 6 ceptimetre.— has been disolvered in a cree in Tholland, Despite its miniscale site the haf is a predictor feeding on the and other insocial.

MN INFORMATION No. 48, 1983

A CARAYAH OF FIFTY SHIPS FROM KRASHOYARSK IN THE KRASHOYARSK TERRI-TORY ACCOMPANIED BY AN ICEBREAKER HAS BROUGHT CARODES FOR THE NORILSK ORE ENRICHMENT AND ME-TALLUROICAL COMPLEX, AS WELL AS CONSUMER GOODS AHD FOOD. Mere than fear million tonnes of cargo and naerly 20 thousand passangers are to be carried by the Enisel River Siesmship company along the basy Talmyr shipping line

THE MOSKYA SATELLITE HAS OOHE INTO OPERATION ol Mescow islevision programmes of Okalem and Kara-Depa, two jamole Turkmenish oll-warkers' sattlemunit. The First National Programma is walched in all the sattlements of South-Westman Tarkmentsian. A TWO-AND-HALF KILO-METRE-LONO AUTOMOBILE PIER HAS BEEN LAID ACROSS THE GULF OF FINLAND FROM THE STATION OF OORSKAYA. il is part of a complex, now un-der construction, designed to protect Leningred from floods. Construction wank is gaining momentum, and oroduction baset have been set up completo with concrete-mixing plants, ropair sarvices, and access lor losries. This year, a new road will make it possible for ground transpert to reach the post of

SOVIET POWER INDUSTRY LOOKS TOWARDS ATOMIC AND NUCLEAR ENERGY

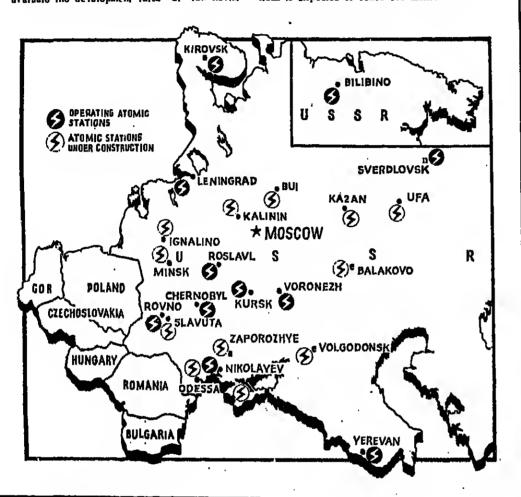
t4 stamic power stallans are la oparetian in the Saviel Union at the present time and 15 more aro under construction (see map). While the world's lits atamic power station, built acar Moscow in 1954, had a capacity at anly 5 thousand kilawalis, same sisilons that are now being coestracted, in the Ukrsine, tar example, have a copacity of as much as 4 million kilowalis, A special plant msaulacturing alomic power geas-ratian equipment and named Alomaiash is being commissianed la supply seven ane-million-kila-wall reactars by 1005. Il will produca 0 to 7 sirch power blocks anusally during the 1988-1800 periad. The warid's largest 000 000 kW last reaciar operaies at a Snylei statiaa, in order in avaluato the devalopment rates of the Saviet

alomie power ladustry sulfice il la say that its capacilles growth alone lar 10th-1985 will make up 24 la 25 million kilowatts.

The Soviet Union has worked out an energy programma providing for the development and loremasi use of the nawest stamle reactors. Research will also be a dartaken le an allort 10 saive the coairollad lhermoauclear synthosis

The mep shaws slomic pawer alotians in oporation or under covalruction in the CMEA member-coaetries.

The USSR is coordinating its activities in this lield with CMEA member-cauntries, in 10 years the tatal capselly of all their atomic pawer stalians is expected to reach 100 million kW.



Machine tools of the future

The 50th USSR Anniversa Machine-tool Englacering Association, in the city of lysnovo, la the centre of Russia, has alarted to manufacture a multipurpose machine-tool complex which ean be described as helonging to the technology of lomorrow. By using manipul alors, the centre eutomatically instells workpieces for muchising, changes the cuiting tools and irransiers the machine parts onto the alors gasbelf. Having finished with one typs af part, the complex automatically proceeds to machine another part of a different shape,

Ploced next to the complex is a rotating platform looking like a set of tay railway tracks, which brings new chiling tools, rigging and workpieces to the

The machine has an adaptiva avsiem for monitoring the regimen of culting, sed a sel of struments, in case of breakdown, electronic devices locate the fault for the operator.

As most of the assembles sie highly reliable, one worker can ltoneously control the aperation of aeveral complexes without strein.

Later on, these complexes will be used like toy censtruction blocks to make up different components of the so-called Dexible industriel systems.

'FLORA' **CLEANING** THE OCEAN

Uniquely deelgned ships leave the building weys of the Khabe-rovsk Kirov Shipperds in the Fer Eest. The world's first diesel-olectric ship for sludying underice volcanie activity bas been bull here. Geophysicists, hiologists and hydrometeorelog tele rove the World Oceas in ships mode at Kliabarevsk.

The olbor day a ship of the "Flota" Type designed for en-virogmental protection of the sea loft the yards. The ship has high navigationel qualities. It will operate in larga ports and in fishing areas. The collected

But the estato's main fressure are its 200

The eld Arkhaogelskoye estata stands ne a alcep bank of the Moskva River west of the ca-

HOME NEWS

Places to visit

One of its original oweers in the isla 10th conjury was a rich aobie, Gallisyn. Fellewing the lashioe of the limo, bo hall a polace-aadperk estete lhero.

The esiste is elits most beautiful in the summer lime. The perk descends to gigonite steps to the Moskve River boyoed which lies a wide ex-panse of lerest laed, The calumas of payillons end summer houses can be seen between the troes, while over 200 marble sculptures liee the

paintings those by Western masters between the 17th and the that half et the 19th centifites, Alse, pride al place is held by the book cal-lection of over 18,000 valuates, which was considered ena of the biggest private libraries to

A visit in Arkbangelskoya witi jake yna hack lo the past. Large funds heve been spent na restoring the palece, the estate church and the "Colen esdes".

These photos hy Andrel Knyazev show the Great Hall of the Polace (centre) and several

WORLD'S ONLY LAND RECLAMATION MUSEUM

The world's only land reclamsilon museum hee been opened in Lithuania, the Soviel Republic in the Beltics. Il is situeted on Rusne Islaed in the

One of lire sections is devoted lo the history of lond reclema-lion in Lithuania. The yellowed documents speak of bord manual labour when marshos were drained in the old times. Over the years eince World War II, more than Iwo and a hall millien boctares have beca

luraed in Llihuenie inio lerilla fields, arable meadows and pas-

There ere other exhibits demonstrating land rectamation in other Soviel republics. For es-ample about three million bectares have already been distoed la Byelerussie, in the west el the USSR. All-rouad research is undertakee and outhoritalive ocientific opinions are considered in the Soviet Union, oven when they deal with small

reclamstion projects. This apprescii excludes possible ilamoga to salute. Thus, they leave intact over Iwenty thousand small and big rivers originating

la Byelorussie. According to the mirses m data, 13.7 million hectares have been reclaimed and drained and 18,5 million becisres are being irrigated. This accounts le 11 per cent of the entiro ploughtand. Such lands yield one-third of the Soviel Union's

to take Iba young ones but, as is often the case, the parent

catcher. The fight is dangerous

come back and allsck the bird-

THE ANCIENT ART OF FALCONRY

and golden engla is one of the lavourile and most ancient pastimen among the Kirgbiz. There was a time to the Central Asian Kiighizia metkel places when young golden eagles sed falcons which had been taught to bunt birds, hares, foxes, wolves and evan larger enimals were leatured. It was not a simple malter for e hunter to trach the bird to catch up with

coming of the rider. For this reason they were expensive.

In order to calcb a nestling

clews and wing spans of about 2 matres are capable of push the lalcones linds a neal le the lag the hunter off the rock. mountains at a beight of 4 to 5 thousand melies. He lixes a special nel with initicate devices end elaris his observalion. He has lo well for several days sometimes before the parents leave the nest end the needlings are close. Then the catching net is used. Not althe pray ead halt II ualil lbe ways does the hunter menage

But now the yoong golden eagle is caught, taken to the hunter's home and painstaking training begies. A special leather hood is pul over the bird's eyes and il is left withoul food lar several days. Then tains where the hood is taken off. It soars up into the sky and drops on the pray. The falconel walls for the moment. He gallops to the spot and relifeves the pray, the gives the bird a piece of meal the be has kept ready. The golden cante is captoble of seeing a running matrice,

budger of a small mermot at a distance of one kilometre.

The value of such humiling lies in the pay's skie temali-

les in the preys skin (unrealing unspolled.

In Kirghizia there are now of them are young men. In the Leka lesyk Kul eres there is e school where birds und young faiconers sets irelect.

In the photos he bood off, the golden engle is ready to by.

Science and technology

RHEUMATOLOGISTS MEET IN MOSCOW

The 10th European Congress of Rhemmetologists opens on Juna 26 in Moscow, Thero is great thierest in the congress mong the medical community, so doctors and scientista from avery continent have expressed their itestre to attend. Apart from leading European theumatologists, representative dologatons will be nritving in the Soviel capital hom Australia, Canada, India, Japan, the United Sinles, mid Naw Zealand, Nanty 2.5 thousand apecialists are expected to be present.

The interest is liantly accidental. There are widespread elloris to combat thouwaste diseases in every country. According to world statistics, these malarlies necount for thirty per cent of all cases of temporary disability among employees, and for over ten per cent of all cases of permanent disability.

Authoritative European speclaffsts were involved in the compilation of the congress prograining, which look many months to propage. It includes discussion of early detection and preventive and correct Treatment of themsatic disses a Including new aspects of the digeases, which have emerged in various cometries. A very important - pone la rehabilitation Many of the patients suffering from the disease need constant nuising they are mobile to work or to took other theresolves. The best way of ensuring medical and social care for such people will be one of the subjects discussed at the con-

Some from hundred delegates have been asked to undate reports in the laim of stand thisplays. There ele various advantages to this. In addition to be-ing useful aids to discussion, such displays enable delegates lo choose theli own time to examine the materials of view. without having to miss reports of interest to their delivered during the symposiums.

A apoclatized exhibition, Rheumetology-83, opening in Moscow to coincide with the congress, will enable delegotes to learn about the totest ochi-evemania of the medical ond pharmaceuticat Industries. Mora than t30 lirins from Europe, the United States, India and Jopan will be displaying their pro-

THUNDERSTORMS RAGING ON JUPITER

The Institute of Radio Physics and Electronics of the Ukialal-an Academy of Sciences has discovered that thunderstorms raga on Jupiter, thus the Sole: System's largest planet is fully

The world's largest decameter wave radio telescope near Kharkov has been instrumental in solving one of the plane)'s puzzles. Jupiter is the most powerful space source of short. puzzles. Jupiter le the most powerful space source of short radio waves in one sky. The periodic appearance of such vaves is linked to the rotation of the planet and its substitute to Long. It is the taken in order to stirm observations have resulted to the identifier powerful short lived putses, with signs of short inguiters in the testing and the radio of triggering district. Signs for the putses in the putses in a highest to a highest triggering district of the putses. Signs and the radio entire in the putses in the putses in a highest the putses in the putses in a highest the putses in the putses in a highest the putses in the putses in the putses in a highest the putses in the powerful species in the putses in the powerful species in the product of the putses in the putses in the putses in the putses in the product of the putses in the

VIEWPOINT

RUSSIAN AS A VEHICULAR LANGUAGE

Maskhud DZHUNUSOV

Na linguistic prodtgy could assibly mester oil the tengua ges spoken and willen in lhis country. They lacinda 36 lbertn-Coucavic, 25 Turkic, 24 lada-Emupean, 22 Mangulic, Tungus-Manchu, and Pateo-Astaite, 20 Finne Cyric, and a variety of that languages. They are at equal and, regardless of the places whern they me wide spread, they develop willings any discrimination. This lingu-istic variety and the growing niernaltonalization of the conmies and rullures in a single System emerging to this country, give rise to the ment for an elfictions vehicular lauguage. This nighty responsible rate is played y Russian, and for a very good sasan, to feenis of the miniber at permus aritsely using II, tida the most imperiant language i the rountry, and the Third igst while-pread to the courtd, ollowing Chinese and English.

throcer, tide is not simply valler of numbers. Russian ha or long leen highly apprelated as a leading language by nany loreign writers and trans talors the French walter Plas-per Mérimée, los Instance, ronplered Russian to be the tichest of all the Europear languages it has been created e salit, as it on purpose, for expressing the minimes name ces, it has a nitraculous concise ness and charley, Growing numwas al prople he all complete are becoming constant that Birsian deserves to be studied with on its own account, end because It ripens up the trea-sures of Russtan Merchane. This was the opinion expressed by iledelch Engels.

Totay the Russian language is scruiring a growing import ance, playing a major rote in the tile of our contemporaries. first and larguost, of course, to this country fl is a native ton gue lot 69 per ceat of the So-viel people. More than 23 per cent of the population speak it lucefly as their second leogu age, egainst 17 per ceel lo 1970.

Al preseet, there are more lhan 103 milline schoolchildrea and studeots to this country, n 30 per ceet of the population against 25 per ceof to 1940. The Soviet system of education contiones in imprevo the traching ni att schiects, locioding iengunges. Far from being merely one of maey, Rossloo provides the key to a treasure-trose of greal spiritual values. One-third of all the literatore on science and technology published to the world to Russiae, and tourfifths of all the laformation sc camplaied by meckind to also is Rustisa.

For a tong time, fluent matery of Rousian as a second lan-guage has been an objective secondly for every Soviel sitt-ree, as it serves the cause of sattune and nationalities is this country and in strengthen their rtendship; it also helps them in their knowledge of world cur-

FROM the SOVIET PRESS

CULTURE ON THE FARM

@

It is on open secret that rurnt dwellers have less occess to culture and art by comparison to the inhabitonis of citica. This problem exists in the USSR, too. How is it being resolved?
The Central Television broadcosts, writes PRAVDA,

received by 90 per cent of this country's population, give extensive coverage to performances by the best theotres, and orchestras. Televised tours of our worldlamous museums, os well os encounters with leading cultural celebrities, also leature prominently. Such programmes ore oriented to o considerable degree lowords the rurol viower. But this is no substitute for direct cantact with the orts. Those on stole and collective forms living close to metropoliton oreas con go ures, concerts and muse all paid for by the form monagement. "Big or!" olso moves to the country. This is done via tours by gional theatres, philhormonic sociaties and museum exhibitions. In the summer it has become traditional for our major thentre componies to go on tour throughout the USSR. Local houses of culture play on important part in the development of culturel life in rurol oreos. They are sun by aloio and collective forms. Those esioblishments, which ore entirely linenced by the form nagement, show new films and arganize concerts by guest performers as well on various omaleur octivi-

EKIBASTUZ-CENTRE: A BRIDGE INTO TOMORROW'S POWER GENERATING INDUSTRY

The Saviet Union leads the world in power resources, writes the NAUKA I ZHIZN magasine. But opproximately 60 per cent of the country's energy resources are concentrated beyond the Urals, while the

bulk of energy consumers ore leund in the Buropeon peri of the USSR. Copocities nie obviously lacking here for hondling peak loads.

How can one provide for the allicient transmission of the energy produced in Northern Kozakhsjon? (it is In Kozokhsion that the Ekibostus fuel and energy complex is being developed—one of the largest in the USSRI. Wouldn't it be more efficient to convert raw materials into electricity on the epoi, with eubsequent imnamission over the wires?

The conclusion over the wires?

The conclusion of experis, olier prolonged research, is that super-long-distance, high-vollage transmission lines are what is needed. Soviet engineers have come up with a doring project for the design at a super-long-distance power transmission line carrying 1.500 hy from Ekthasiuz to the Centre. It will run for almost 2500 km from the little Burn Parts. olmost 2,500 km from the Irlysh River orea to the Volgo River and lurther west to Tombov. The line, oble the huge lual resources of Northern Kozakhsten to be included moto efficiently into this country's common energy balance, it will corry annually 42,000 million kW/hours of electricity to the Centre. Having become peri of the USSR's aingle power system, the 1,500 ky transmission line will make a longible contribution towards the retinbility and monoeuvrabil tly, concludes the magazine.

ARTISTS JOIN FORCES WITH ARCHITECTS

Over the years of Soviet power, writes People's Artist of the USSR Zgrob Tseretell in IZVESTIA, more than one thousand cities and lewns have been built. As many os filieen lost growing urbon settlemente appear every year. It is to be registed. Testalell says, that we live surrounded by stondordised houses, cidemos, ahops, achools, and so dn. How uncomfortable one sometimes tests in such neighbourhoods. But the city offects man in its own way. This is what psychologisia cisim, onywayı

Hew con cilica be mode both convenioni and beautiful, having on individual character of their own Architects should enits the help of orthes in this maiier, auggeets Teereicii.

A lot hos been written in the pross obout the rostoration of the central port of Thilial. The old districts of the city have been restored by orchitects working clongside ortists, on the basic of o thoroughly eloboroled pion discussed by the Government of the Georgion Republic and the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Georgio.

The suggested and implemented oritalic solution corresponded to the vary spirit of the city and to the character of the Tallisions, Something similar has been ochieved in the oncient Russian city of Yoroslavi. In Yoroslavi, orchitects, builders and orijets united their ellorte on the basis of o city-development background with madern industrial construction

PROTECTION FOR ANTS

SOVIETBRAYA ROSSIYA corries o alory on Varkhnyoyo Kiyosma nni sonctuory in the Russian Pederotion. A sonctuory to onie sounds somewhol odd of first. But these little "torast docktra" ore of insaling oblo ossicionce to human beings. The population of live large onthills, for example, destroy of much as thirty kilogrommes of harmful insects per month.

The seiling up of the ant sanctuory, notes the newspoper, is o continuotion of the "Opatotion Ant" pro-gramme begun in the Republic len years age, Al the present time mansures have been taken for protecting onis-the destruction of ontallie now carries the penalty al a line.

There dre over thirty types of onle of the sanctuery, which covers on oreo of 600 hectotes, Research will be carried out here by the Institute of Rychulonary Marphalogy and Animol Reology of the Academy Bolences of the USSR....

Until then there was no such professional group in the city of Khabarovok though it boasied lote of amateur exsembles, groupa and choirs. Their best performors wera lovited to form the cora of the now ensemble.

The Far East le c home to various nationalities — Russians, Ukrainiaus, Byelorussiaae as well as "small netionafilies" ilko Nenets, Nanalaris, Evenks, Tuegus, Nivkis and Alsits... Each of theor has its own tolklore, songa, dances, riles, lales end traditions. National costumary, decurations end musical instrumania aro hunded dowa from generation to generation. Surviving to this day to the mealery, originality and specific old sluging and dancing lectani-

The programme shown to Moscow focusad on totklore works. Using the leaguage of plasticity, choreography and stoglog we irled to "retelf" old legends and tales, tell shoul the



says easemble's eritatic director Viktor Morozov, graduate from the Novosibirsk Consorvatoire. At present we are working on

past and present of our land, a new play devoted to the past and present of vertous anticonf-ities in the Far Basi, he end in

fgor MIKHAILOV

showered me with questions

and it gave me pleasure to talk about Moscow and Thiltsl and

Two halves meet

after 120 years

Alexel Kovalyov, who heads

the department of restoration

at the Tretyakov Gatlory, fr

Moscow, is at present working on the "Paria Puppet Show", a

picture by the outstanding Rua-

alan ariisi Vasily Perov. Hie job

involves the joining of what up

to now have been wrongly re-

gerded as two different paint-

ings, fafo one picture. Exhibi-ted as separete tiems et the Tre-

tyakov Gallery, which ecquired

them from different private col-

lections, after one hundred and twenty years of individual exis-fence, they are now befog re-

Vasily Perov painled the "Pa-

ris Puppet Show" while in France in 1863-1864. For a long

time nothing was known as to

united by a master restorer.

about new productions.

Soviet artists to set out for Canada

A contract wea signed in Moscow between the USSR Ministry of Culture and the USSR Goskonisart organization with Gerry Grundmen, noted Canadiao impresario, vice-president, in cherge of operations and administration of "Montreaf Forum". Ha will he providing for guest parformances in Canada by the Soviet ctrcus and the Khoroshki song and dance ensemble of Byeloruo-

The Sovial circus last visited Canada elx yeara ago, perform ing in seven cities with tramandono succesa, said Grundman. This time the circus will go on a nine-weak tour in Sep-tember, during which they will play in ninc citias, endiag up in Vaocouver. The Khoroohki enscrible will go to Canads early

next year to perform in seven

Wa were very hard presen to eelect the numbers for the Soviet circus guest perform. ances programme, he noted. Your country bas fine and plen-tiful talent. Each of the numbers we saw to interesting in its own way and beers the unmistakable slemp of exceptional talent Regrettably ft is just impossible to show the Canadians all the many aspects of the circus in the USSR. We selected numbers which will be of most interest for my compairiots like perlormances in the arma likely trepaze numbera end certainly the clowns, I em sure these performancas will also be a great success, Grundman emphasized.

Gennady LEONOY

Tchaikovsky's birthplace

The restorers now working on the astata of the great Rus-slan composer P. Tchaikovsky in Votkinsk, in the Udmuri Autonomous Rapublic, are making use of old drawings to do the lob. They are creating a memorial complex, including the composer's house-muscum and the adjacent territory.

All the structures will be given their original look of the 1840s when our graet composer waa born, says museum-asiate director A. Loshkarvov, The archives have many documents

about how the estate looked in those years.

The memorial zons wilt also include the city park end the space between the house and the lake which wes there in the Tchaikovsky time. in exploring the area specialista found limit trees 160 years old, which meens that once strolling under their young canoples was a boy music genius.

The work is to be completed by Tchalkovsky'a 150th birthday in 1990.

JAPANESE DOLLS AND TOYS

own collections and 500 origi-

'THE QUEEN OF SPADES' IN ATHENS educating musiciens and singers, about the composers and about the culture of the past and of our joint work on the opere today. My Greek colleagues

The production of To halkovsky's opera "Tha Queen of Spailes", which is the gim of Russian classics, has been resumed at the National Theatre of Greece.

It has been staged by Professo: Odlssel Dimitringl, of the Thillie Conservatotre. Dimitriadi is well known in

Greece. In various years, he staged such operaa there as "Eugane Onegin" and "Tho Queen of Spadas" by Pyotr Tchalkovsky, and the "Betrothat in the Monastery" by Sergel Prokobav.

A few years ago, I was tnvited to Greece to slage "The Quaen of Spades". I must say that my acquaiotaace with the company end the orchestra had laken placa much aarlier than

This year the Directorate of the National Theatre has decided to resuma the produc-tion of "The Queen of Spades" and invited ma to Athens. in the resumed production,

and we therefore met again ao old liticuls. The rehearsafa

brought us mutual satisfaction.

the part of Flermann to played by Viadislav Pysvko, sololat from the USSR Bolshol Theatra, Dimitriadl said. Singlag the other parts are singera from the Athens Opera Company, 1 must say that I was immensoly pleased to mast the Athens company atter such a long time sinca our previous meeting. In the short minutes of the breaks, we spoke of the Soviet Union.
of the methods of training and

Indians study Russian

A gala meeting devoicd to the and of the scademic year was held at the Institute of the Russian Language, attached to tha House of Soviat Science, Culture and Arts in the Indian capital. The gradualas sang popular Soviet songs and rectied poems by famous poets in tha instituto's concert helf.

Thia year 120 residents of

Delhi received diplomaa on auccessful completion of the first year of their studies. Some were also recommended to con-



tinue their studies at Sovief colleges and universities under the exchange programme in culture, sciance and education between the USSR and India. About 80 students transferred to fhe SECOND VENT.

the whereabouts of the picture. Nor is it known even now who cuf the canvas in two? Could ft have bean the author bimself? When restored, the "Paria Pupper Show" will be displayed for the first lime at a jubilee exhibition of works by Vasily Perov to he erranged at the retyakov Gallery thia Decem ber to mark the 150th annivarsary eince the artist's birth.

> The immensoly saccessful perlormances givan by Leningrad's Gorky Theatre in Moscow have, afas, come to en end. The company performed 11 plays - inciuding modern Sovies and foreign works, as welf as Russian ign works as well as Russian classics such as Leo Tolstoy's "The Story of a Horse" et the Maly Theefra end its second clage. Audiences of 40,000 packed the Iwo thusires during the tour. In sulumn the Gorky company is going to Japan where il will perform at the Kebuki Theetra.
>
> A scene from "The Slory et a Horse".

Horas",

An axhibition of Japaness della

and toys which has opened to Moscow illustrates one of the most Inicresting branches of Jepanese lolk art, which emerged in the aarly Middle Ages. The exhibition is to be seen at the Museum of Aris of Oriental Paoples si to Obukha Street tn Moscow. On view sre nearly 100 dolls from the museum's nal exhibits which were presenled a chort white ago to the musoum hy the Japanese Soka Gakkel Society.

WHAT'S ON!

Juna 25-27

THEATRES

Kremlin Pelace of Congresses (Kremtin). 25 (mat) — Rossint, "The Barber of Seville" (opera). 26 — Concert. 27 — Rimsky. Korsakov, "The Tzar's Brida".

Bolshol Theetre (Sverdlov Sq). Guesi performences by the Kishinev Opera and Ballef Theetre: 25 (mat) - A concart ol "Betrothal in the Monastery" (opara). 26 (mat) — Tkach, "Andriyesh" (ballet); 26 (eve)— Verdt, "The Force of Destiny (opere). 27 — Minkus,

Bayadere" (ballat). Stanislavsky and Nemirovich-Danchenko Muelcal Theatre (17 Pushkinskaya St). 25 — Millöcker, "Der Beitelsfuden!" (opere). 26 (mat)—Tchaikovsky, "The Snow Malden" (ballet). 26 (mat)—Coupling "Balleti". (eve)—Gershwin, "Porgy and Bess" (opera), 27 — Balasanyan "Shekuntala" (ballef).

Operetia Theetre [6 Pushkin-skaya Si], 25 — Ilyin, "Comrade Lyubov". 28 (min!) — Ptichkin, "Wedding with the General": 28 (ave) — Kalman, "Evening Visitors", 27 — Sfreuss, "Die 26 (ave) — Kalman, "Eve Visitors", 27 — Sireuss, ledermaus'.:

___ FILMS ___

The Reigrn of Bullerfly (Doyzhenko Pilm Studios, USSR).

About the outstanding Aston the outstanding Ukrainian slager Solomia Krusheinitakaya, who made a great contribution to world opera. Cinems: "Mir" (11 Tayeino

Blvd), Metro Kolkhoznaye. Four-Handed Pleying (France) A comedy starting the popular Franch actor, Bal-mondo,

Cinemar "Tashkeni" Novokuzminskaya Meiro Ryazanaky Prospek

_ EXHIBITIONS_

Branch of the Museum of His-Branch of the Museum of Hetory. The Triully Church in Nikitulki (3 Nikitulkov Lane) "Russien Wooden Utensie" an exhibition of jugs, bowis and birch bark Items covering the large period — from the fill large period — from Melro Ploshchad No.

Soviet-Hungarian Commission meets

Moscow has been the venua for the 30th meating of the in-tergovernmental Soviet-Hunga-rian Commission on Economic, Scientific and Technical Cooperation.

The Commission approved the results of the implementation of the agreements which were reached during the talks be-tween the heads of government of the USSR and the Hungarian Feople's Republic on key isaves involved in Soviet-Hungarien cooperation. Measures were putlined to eccelerate the preparsion of proposals on mettera of mulual futerest.

The Commission elso exemined the procedure end fimalable for work on the coordination of state plans adopted by the Soviet Union and the Hungarien People's Republic over the years between 1986 and 1990 and drew up directives for e further expansion of economic, scientific and technological linka particularly in the most

CMEA DISCUSSES

A recent Verna session of the CMEA Standing Commission on Currency and Finence Mat-

ters drew delegations from

Yugoslavie, as well as repre-

sentatives of the International Bank for Economic Cooperation

and the international invest-

Delegates discussed currency

end finance issues bearing on the implementation of the Com-

ment Bank.

important and branches of the palional econ-

These laclude microelectron-ica, industrial robots, the autoica, industrial robots, the automobile- and forry-building industry, the production of equipment for the light and footstuffs industries, as well as the tracfor, egricultural, chemical and oil eaginseriag ladustries, agriculture, and fruit end vegetable growing. fable growing.

The Commission looked lato the implementation of the ua-dertakings following from the protocol on mulusi turnovsr over the year 1983, end from the agreements on cooperstical in the chemical end pstrochemical industries.

Supprogrammes were signed for the development of epecialization and cooperation in production over the period unlif 1990 in the ares of the chemical industry, mineral fertilizers, and chemical means for the protection of planto.

CURRENCY AND FINANCE MATTERS 11-86 in Athens prehensive Programme for the Purther Promotion and Improve-nient of Cooperation and Devel-

A great deal of faierssi to being focused on the arrival in the Greek capital of a Soviet f1-88 cirbus, which came on a ragular Moscow-Alhena flight.

in the informational Hellinikon cal administration, the business

Trans-Siberian container service: advantageous and convenient

CMEA nations' economics.

opment of the Socialist Econo-

mic integration of the CMEA nember-states falling within

the Commission's competence, as

well as other matters of mutual

interesf. Experience was shered

in improving the financial credit

and currency mechanisms of the

The transportation of large containers via the Trans-Siberien Railwey gives considerable advantages to those making use of the service. This is the shortest and cheapest route (an alfarnative to the traditional seagoing roules) from Europe to the Far East end back, The railway cuts the distance to 13 thousand kilometres, whereas if

Exhibition Hell. Society for

the Projection of Historical and

Culinral Monuments (12 Razina

Si). Landscapes of Moscow and

Siberla by V. Astaltsev. Dally.

axcept Monday, noon to 7 p.m. Metro Picshched Nogina.

CONCERT HALLS

Olimpitsky Sports Complex. 25, 28, 27 — The Space pop

Verlety Theatre (20/2 Bersenevskaya Embankmeni). 25, 28 — Concerts by the winners of the 7th All-Union Competition

Oklyabr Cinema-and-Con-

na). 25, 26 - The Familier Fa-

ces" programme of humour end

__SPORTS __

FOOTBALL

Dynamo Sladium, 25 - Mos-

cow Dynamo va Central Army Club. 8 p.m.

group (Frence).

of Variety Performers.

the cargo le shipped via the Suez sod Paname Canals or around Africa, the distances to he covered are 20 and 27 thousand kilometres respectively. The Trans-Siberian Container Sarvice is used by the famous Japanese firms of Mitsubiehi, Hitachi, Nissan, Toshiba, Toyota, end Honda Motors, among

MEID HOCKEY

Siguital Tanras. 3 p.m.

Young Pioneers Stadium (31 Leningradsky Prospakt). 25 — Moscow Krylya Sovietov va

Teuras (eurochs in Rus-sian) is the best women's feam in Lifhuanta.

SWIMMING

Central Stadium, 25-27 - The

13th Moscow Tonruament. 10

RACING

Hippodrome (22 Bagoveya

a.m. and 6 p.m. (every day).

Swimming Pool at the Lenin

others, to deliver a large part of their exports to Europe. The following figures indicate the fa-terest shown by foreign companies in the service. Whareas in 1971 the railway carried come two thousand twenty-foot containers, too yeare later this number had risen fo 153 thousand.

WEATHER

June 25-27

In Moscow, city and region n gradual rise in lemperalnre is expected. The clouds will lift, rain in places. Night temperate res of 5°, 9°C and of t6°, 19°C during the day. W wind,

If ie baking bot (+30°C) in the South of Siberia while at the same altitude in the European part of the USSR It is only 10°C. In the next 24 hours, tha

State Bank of the USSA

engiish pound eterling Finnish markke French frenc FRO merk Foreign exchange 100 113.96 100 13.35 100 9.62 June 16, 1983 13.35 in roubles 100 100 100 7.48 3.05 15.44 1.21 63,83 Jepenese yen Hetherlands & Spanish peset Swedish kyon Swits band US dollar 1,000 14,50 Belgian frent 59,13 100 krone 14.73 14.00 12.50 100 15.43 100 DPRA diner

Contacts and contracts

1 Tho USSE Siele Committee for Sciance and Tochnology has essisted the Norwegien lirm, Norsk Viftelebrik, in holding a sominar in Moscow for ropre-sentatives of Soviet scientific organizations and industries. At this meeting, the specialists dis-cussed the purification of gas in the eroduction of eluminium.

O An exhibition, "Precision Instruments from the Gorman Democratic Sopublic's national onterprise of Carl Zelss lene VES" has been held in Sosiov-on-Don. The exhibition widely represented instruments for remote sounding of the earth de-signed in cooperation with act-entitic and research organizaillons from this country es pari of the infercosmos spece explo-ration programme. The other ex-hibits included verious instru-ments, such as those used in phologrammetry, gaophysics, asironomy, and in monitoring and measuring, ell soris oi modical instruments, microscopes, end

A ceremony, which was held efrport drew members of the locommunify, the public, and tra-vel firms cooperaling with our

YUGOSLAV SHIPS FOR USSR

Discover Siberia

for yourself!

Intourist invites you to visit Si-

beria, a tand of latga forests and

powarfut rivers, of high-capacity

hydropower stalloos and oew build-

log projects, a land of uniquely

beautiful fur, gotil and diamonds.

GENUINE

AWAIT YOU.

MODERN

MEMBERI

For further details contact the Intensist office in your country, Soviet frede representations or travel companies arrenging trips to the USSR, or write direct to intensis head office estit, Prospekt Merea. Moscow, 183009. Tel.: 383-69-62. Telexes: 411311.

Intourist

HHTYPHCT USSR Company for Poreign Travel

EVERYTHING IS BEAUTI-

SIBERIAN

COMFORTS

FUL HERE: THE PEOPLE.

HOSPITALITY AND ALL

THIS IS A TRIP TO RE-

CITIES AND NATURE...

The third out of a total of 17 tugboata being built for Su-lloimport at the Josip Broz Tito shtpyards. in Belgrade, has been launched. This event coincides with the signing of an agreement on building twenty ships and four pushers for the USSR's

JE#1.00

Soviel-Yugoslav cooperation to shipbuilding to mutually advantageous. The Soviet fleet receives modorn high class ships while the large Soviet contracts ansura stable developmain to one of the leading Yugoslev tridustries allowing it to plan on a long-term basis.

HELP FROM INTERLICHT

The international interlicht economic association, which chips fraight on the Danube, will turo five years old this year.

tia Hungary, the Soviat Uolon and Czechoslovakia lo ensura fast and economic shipping of freight oo lbe "river-sea" The treight shipped by the sight countries is originally leaded on lighters end tagged to the river estuary where it is The Budapest-based enterprise is the first of its kind to Europe and is en axampla of en effect-

Philately

ive socialist economic integra-

ilon. Il was indiated by Bulga-

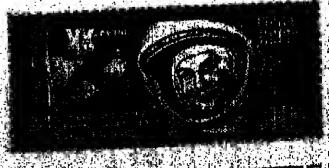
Space anniversary

The Ministry of Communica-lions of the USSR has Issued 8 stamp dedicated to the 20th an-niversary since the Right In

space of Valantina Tereshkova, the world's first woman-cosmo-naut. The flight was made on time 16-19, 1963, in the Vosis the Chelwomen of the Soviet
Women's Committee
The 10-kepek stamp in office)
printing is designed by Alm
Strainikev.

teken by ship to India, Pakistan

Kampuchea, Malaysia, etc.



MH INFORMATION No. 48, 1983

Though Dynamo is 11-time national champion and the CAC — 6-time cham-plon, these celebrity feams are out of tuck this season.

both of them are 8 points, behind the leader.

6

111

1 11 4

MN INFORMATION NEW IN



Tamara Bykovo, from the Russian Federatian (Soslov), indaor world record Photos by Andrei Knyuzev high jumptug event.



outscored Laivta, 93-73, in a Tourosivent encoun-

'Queen of sport' at the finishing line

Two world, three national and 170 union republica records as well as many tournament marks were set in 39 aports over itea days of the Tournament of Soviet Nations' ethletic competition, which ended on June 22. Regrettably, a sudden onset of cold weather in the latter days

marted the overall performance. The USSR is a traditionally strong hamner throwing nation, holding six spots in the 1902 world top ten, and one more proof of it was the new world mark ol 84 m 14 cm set hy world record holder Seigel Litvinov, a 16 cm improvement on

Tamara Bykove was the focus of the women's high-funiping contest as the cleared 197 cm in a pouring 10!n and gusty wind but laited to scale 201 cut.



brazene, who recently clocked 54.02 sec in the 400 m burilles, a world mark, won again this time, clocking 54,78 sec. Thera were some excellent perform-ances in the men's 400 m huid-les, as all eight finalists emied up inslife 46.00 sec while twice Olympic champton Viktor Markin clacked 45.44 and There was a good showing in the women's 45:100 m relay title national leams missell the eventl with n time of 43.45, while the men's event was won in 39.01 sec. Svellana Zorina became the lourth Soviet long-tumper in reach beyond the 700 cm mark with a jump of 704 cm. Over 1,400 athletes from 31 countries attended with Ethlopia, Nigeria, Bulgatla and the CDR producing

On June 29 a Soviet athletic squad will liy over to Canada for the Universiad, and the world's list yet alhletics champlonships are due in Helsinki on August 7-14.

Surprises and regularities

The days fly by in quick succession at the Tournament of Soviet Nations. The athletics lencing and volleyball tournamente are over.

The Moscow lencers schrod a leam victory, coming in the lop three in most individual and team contests. Last year's winners the Russian Federation pleced second, tollowed by

Four-time Olympic winner, Moscow sebie lencer Viktor



World record holder Serget Lilvinov, from Rustov, the Russien Federalloo.

Krovopuskov, four-time world foll thist Alexander Romankov, from Minsk, and Isal year's world champion Nailya Gilyazova, Irom Kazan, were again up to the mark.

in the men's volleyball tourna-ment expetts ilpped the oll-Mos-cow team featuring Olympic, world and European chempions to triumph The team's mainstay were the many-time national champions Central Arany Club. Yet the tournament was won by Laivia, with a preponderance of players from the Ratiotechnik club. Moscow came second, and the likraine, third,

Kazakhstan, Liihuen!a and Estonia also did quite well, so the national side coaches have e wide choice of aspirants for the European championship dua in the CDR, this September.

Leningraders win in Sweden

ntkov, Yurl Petrov and Leonid Arkhipov won the team event by Kresnov.

Leningred cyclists Alexander In an annual many-day 1,280 km Kreenov, Viktor Manekov, road ince across Sweden.

Alexander Kullkov, Oleg Klenthey Yuri Petrov and Legisla second year running, tollowed

PARREIRA SATISFIED WITH HIS YOUNG

Brazil has wrapped up its show just what we are capable European football four without of, with captain Socrates and Europese football four without a single detest, beating Portugal 4-0 and Switzerland 2-1 and drawing with Wales 1—1 and Sweden 3—3. Coach Parreira told newsmen

before his team left Europe that he was cootented with the tour. There was a gond showing from the young players Careen, Jorjinho, Marchio and Joso Paulo, he noted. I think they will form the mainetay of our

1986 world cup elde.

I would say wo did best against Switzerland. Though trailing 0—1 at half-lina we railled in the second half to Viadimir McMILLIN

Careca cetting brilliant goals. Several leading Plamengo dub players were unable to join the teem in its tour of Europe as the club is now touring America in advance of an international tournament in listy. We could have done with Zico and Junior-but, on the other hand, I was able to try out our new young players and I am satisfied. Now our chief problem is to find o flitting replacement for

Juventus takes national cub

Juventua has won Italy's football cup in two games against Verona (the list a U-2 deleat and the second a 3-0 win). Frenchmao Platini, who is now

the second metch netting two goals. The third goal was scored by Rossi, last year's best player

TOURNAMENT OF SOVIET NATIONS: WHAT IT MEANS TO SPORTSMEN

... l hed a hard job making my way through a crowd of arguing land and exheusted female volleyball players to orest Bulgarian leam coach Vasil Gospodinov and team captain Ros!taa Mikhailova for a talk about the current Tournament.

Any such competition is one more chance to try out offe's leam, and the Tournament provides a brilliant opportunity in this respect, as we can learn things from other teams, said Gospodinov. We saw strong leams from world ex-champions Cuba and from the all-Moscow and all-Ukraine squads, the top three finlahers, as well as the world vice-champions Pern who came in fifth. We were also impressed by teams from many consituent republics, which is avidence thei volleyball is o vary popular sport in the USSR, he stressed. The fact that we, 1980 Olym-

pic hronze medallists. Isllod to make the top ten. Gospodloov cootinued, was a great let-down for us. But we had only one exporlenced player while the rest ware newcomets - college and achool atudents. Hopefully, they Commentaries of the second comments of the second s



Butgerla ood Cuba fighting it

will profit from the Tournament

ond improve their play.
The Tourcement is not ful about goals, points and seconds, noted Rosilsa Mikhailovs - one can also meat friends and share ers and read the latest specific literature. It is a great pleasure every time we come to Moscov for practice sessions and com-patitions, lor wa invariably leave brimful of new impersions of Muscovile bospitality.

The Tournament gave me per sonally the chance to visit the capital of the 1980 Olympics. Syellana KIROYA

ATTENTION, SUBSCRIBERS ABROAD

DEAR READERS,

"MN Information" comes out on Tuesdays and Selurdays, and offers in brief the letest information on events in the USSR and in the world reported by TASS and foreign news agencies: Nothing short of the material carried in the additions of both "Mascow Naws" and "MN Information" gives you a full idea ol Illa in the Soviet Union lor

Subscription to "Moscow Naws" and "MN infarmation" can be taken aut with the follawing lirms.

AFGHAN(STAN

alhaki Book Publishing and import Organization Kabut

ALGERIE

SNED
Service abannament
47. Rus Didauchs Mourad El Diazair

Al-Ahram Al-Oalaa Str.,

Arlharn Baak House, PO Bas 1000,

 Vspaus Publishing Co.
 Lid., 1988 Psper Avo. Toronto, Ont., MAK, 3W5

Progress Boaks,
71 Dathurst Str., 3rd Floor,
Taronto, Ont., M3Y 2P6

C Librairia Nauvellas Frontiéres inc., 183 rue Onterio est PO H2X 1H3

 Boak World 118 Avenue Road, Taronio, Ontario Canada USSR
Association Inc.,

Friendship House

780 Quean St. W.

Toronto, Ont., MSW 2A1

SOCIALIST REPUBLIC

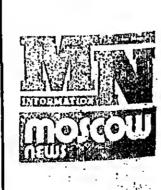
OF VIETNAM All post offices in the country Xunhasaba 37 Bd. Nal Se Trung,

Hanet

For all questions tovolving conreceipt of the paper, delivery of the paper to a new address, etc., please costact the lirm from whom you obteloed the subscription.

DEAR READERS! In other countries, subscription for "MN information" can be taken out with companies which do business with V/O Mezhduna-rodneys Kniga. The "Moscaw Naws" weekly is available in Russian as well. Contact the lim of egency handling subscription for Soviet periodicals.

W



EDITORIAL BOARD

Add/east 16/2 Garty St Maicov. Primed of the "Izvaella" Press. Mostow. USSR. Published Tuesday and County Index 50078.

MN INFORMATION HE A INT